LAWS OF NEW YORK, 2016

CHAPTER 91

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to a residential reassessment exemption in a town with a population of not less than thirty-seven thousand persons and not more than thirty-eight thousand persons located in a county of not less than nine hundred thirty thousand persons and not more than one million two hundred thousand persons, based upon the latest U.S. census

Became a law July 5, 2016, with the approval of the Governor. Passed by a majority vote, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The real property tax law is amended by adding a new section 485-s to read as follows:

- § 485-s. Residential reassessment exemption. 1. Applicability. The governing body of a town with a population of not less than thirty-seven thousand persons and not more than thirty-eight thousand persons located in a county of not less than nine hundred thirty thousand persons and not more than one million two hundred thousand persons, based upon the latest U.S. census may, after a public hearing, adopt the provisions of this section by local law in the first year of a full value revaluation to provide a residential revaluation exemption. If the governing body passes a local law pursuant to this subdivision, such exemption shall also apply in the same manner and to the same extent to each village, county, special district or school district that levies taxes on the assessment roll prepared by such town. A village within a town that has conducted a revaluation and that chooses to adopt such town's latest final assessment roll is permitted to adopt the provisions of this section within two years of its implementation.
- 2. Eligibility. (a) The assessor shall, in the first year in which revaluation assessments are to be entered on the assessment roll and for the next succeeding year, apply to each eligible residential property an exemption as provided in subdivision three of this section. For the purpose of this section, to be an "eligible residential property" the following criteria must be met:
- (i) The property must be a one-, two-, or three-family residential property, provided that in an approved assessing unit dwelling units held in condominium form of ownership that are classified in the homestead class shall also be eligible;
- (ii) The property must be eligible to receive the STAR exemption authorized by section four hundred twenty-five of this title or the owner or owners must be eligible to receive the personal income tax school tax relief (STAR) credit authorized by subsection (eee) of section six hundred six of the tax law, as added by section six of part A of chapter sixty of the laws of two thousand sixteen, for such property.
- (iii) In any given year, the owner or owners receiving the exemption pursuant to this section must be the same as the owner or owners that

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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appeared on the assessment roll upon which the revaluation is implemented;

- (iv) The property must have a Certificate of Occupancy or a temporary Certificate of Occupancy; and
- (v) The property must not have any delinquent taxes as of the taxable status date for the roll on which an exemption is applied.
- (b) In addition to the criteria provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the town assessing unit may further limit the eligibility to eligible residential property whose full value increase exceeded a set value threshold as specified in their local law adopting the provisions of this section. If provided by local law, the town assessing unit may elect to grant exemptions to only those properties that do not have building code violations.
- 3. Exemption calculation. (a) (i) The exemption shall be computed with respect to a percentage of the "exemption base." The exemption base shall be the amount by which the assessed value of a property on the assessment roll upon which the revaluation is implemented exceeds the prior year's equalized assessed value, as determined in the initial year. The prior year's equalized assessed value shall be determined by applying the applicable change in level of assessment factor to the prior year's assessed value. Such exemption base shall not include increases due to a physical improvement or a removal or reduction of an exemption on property.
- (ii) Any increase in the assessment of a property due to physical changes in the year following the implementation roll shall not be eligible for the exemption. In the event that any portion of a parcel is fully or partially removed from the roll during the year following the implementation roll by reason of fire, demolition, destruction or new exemption, the assessor shall reduce the exemption for any remaining portion in the same proportion assessment is reduced for such fire, demolition, destruction or new exemption. If a property's revaluation assessment is reduced pursuant to title one-A of article five, or title one or one-A of article seven of this chapter, the exemption shall be recomputed accordingly.
- (b) (i) The exemption shall be to the extent of sixty-six per centum of the exemption base in year one and thirty-three per centum of the exemption base in year two.
- (ii) The following table shall illustrate the computation of the exemption:

Year of exemption
Percentage of Exemption
66% of exemption base
33% of exemption base

- 4. Granting of exemption. (a) Such exemption shall be granted only upon application by the owner or owners of such real property on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Such application shall be filed with the assessor on or before the appropriate taxable status date for the assessment roll upon which the revaluation is implemented.
- (b) If the assessor is satisfied that the applicant is entitled to an exemption pursuant to this section, he or she shall approve the application and the taxable assessed value shall be reduced by the exemption, as in this section provided commencing with the assessment roll prepared after the taxable status date. The assessed value of any exemption granted pursuant to this section shall be entered by the assessor on the assessment roll with the amount of the exemption shown in a separate column.

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- (c) In the event that the residential property granted an exemption pursuant to this section transfers ownership or otherwise ceases to meet the eligibility requirements of the exemption in subdivision two of this section, the exemption granted pursuant to this section shall be discontinued. Upon determining that an exemption granted pursuant to this section should be discontinued, the assessor shall mail a notice so stating to the owner or owners thereof at the time and in the manner provided by section five hundred ten of this chapter.
- § 2. The following provisions shall apply in a town with a population of not less than 37,000 persons and not more than 38,000 persons located in a county of not less than 930,000 persons and not more than 1,200,000 persons, based upon the latest U.S. census, if such town adopts the provisions of section 485-s of the real property tax law for the assessment roll finalized in the year 2016. Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 of section 485-s of the real property tax law, applications for exemption shall be filed with the assessor on or before a date specified in the local law adopting the provisions of section 485-s of the real property tax law on a form prescribed by such town may be used in its place. Notwithstanding any other section of law to the contrary, to the extent the taxable assessed value of the property originally appearing on such roll exceeds the amount to which it should be reduced pursuant to section 485-s of the real property tax law, the assessor shall amend the assessment roll accordingly. The assessor shall give written notice of such exemption to the property owner. Where the assessor denies an exemption pursuant to section 485-s of the real property tax law for the 2016 assessment roll, the property owner may file a complaint with the board of assessment review. Such board shall reconvene on a date or dates established by the assessing unit, provided at least ten days' notice is given in writing, by certified mail, returned receipt requested, to the property owner, to hear the appeal and determine the matter, and shall mail written notice of its determination to the assessor and property owner. Notwithstanding sections 283.161 and 283.171 of the Westchester County Administrative Code, for the purpose of implementing the residential revaluation exemption, the assessor shall file the 2016 assessment roll on or before the first day of December. The rights contained in this act shall not otherwise diminish any other legally available right of any property owner or party who may otherwise lawfully challenge the valuation or assessment of any real property or improvements thereon. All remaining rights hereby remain and shall be available to the party to whom such rights would otherwise be available notwithstanding this act.
- \S 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to assessment rolls prepared on and after January 1, 2016.

The Legislature of the STATE OF NEW YORK ss:

Pursuant to the authority vested in us by section 70-b of the Public Officers Law, we hereby jointly certify that this slip copy of this session law was printed under our direction and, in accordance with such section, is entitled to be read into evidence.

JOHN J. FLANAGAN

Temporary President of the Senate Speaker of the Assembly

CARL E. HEASTIE